

Roman Way Academy



The Year 4 Maths Learner

Working mathematically

By the end of year 4, children will apply their understanding of maths to solve a wide variety of problems with more than one step and be expected to prove their thinking through pictures, jottings and conversations. They will continue to make connections between different areas of maths and ask their own questions, working in an organised way to find solutions.

Number

Counting and understanding numbers

Children will be very familiar with numbers that have up to 4 digits and will be able to order and compare by showing them in different ways such as on a tape measure or using hands-on resources. Using their understanding of place value (the value of each digit in a number), children will be able to partition (break and make) numbers in different ways e.g. $2345 = 2000$ and 300 and 40 and 5 , but could also represent this as 1000 and 1000 and 200 and 100 and 40 and 5 or 2000 and 200 and 145 .

They will work with numbers securely up to 10,000 and may begin to count beyond in 1s, 10s, 100s and 1000s. They will use this to help them find 10, 100 or 1000 more or less than any given number. They will multiply and divide whole numbers by 10 and 100 and understand that this changes the value of each digit rather than 'just adding a 0'. They will develop their understanding to decimal hundredths, comparing and ordering these using contexts such as money. Children will also learn to understand and write Roman numerals to 100. They will develop their expertise when counting forwards and backwards from 0 to include multiples of 6, 7, 9 and 25; decimals with up to 2 places and fractions. They will be able to fluently count in tenths, hundredths and simple fractions. They will develop their understanding of negative numbers through counting backwards through 0. Children will be able to recognise and describe number patterns and relationships including multiples (e.g. 3, 6, 9, 12 are multiples of 3) and factor pairs (e.g. 1 and 12, 2 and 6, 3 and 4 are all factor pairs for 12) for known times tables.

Calculating

Children will develop various strategies for solving $+$, $-$, \times , \div calculations mentally, using jottings when appropriate and for checking that their answers are sensible. Children will be encouraged to share their methods with others to help them see which work best, are quickest and most accurate. Over the course of the year, children will become fluent in all multiplication and division facts up to 12×12 and apply these facts to other problems e.g. $232 \times 7 = (200 \times 7) + (30 \times 7) + (2 \times 7)$. Children will use the $=$ sign to demonstrate equal value e.g. $3 \times 8 = 48 \div 2$ and solve missing number problems e.g. $3 \times ? = 48 \div 2$. They will explore patterns and rules for the times tables they learn and use pictures and objects to support their understanding.

Children will be required to solve problems accurately using column addition and subtraction methods for numbers with up to 4-digits and explain how the methods work. They will use apparatus to secure their understanding of these. This will include addition and subtraction calculations with different numbers of digits (such as $1286 + 357$); and numbers containing 0s (such as $8009 - 3231$). They will use formal written methods of short multiplication and short division for 2 and 3 digit numbers by a single digit. Children who become very adept at these types of calculations will be stretched through problems such as those containing missing numbers so that they know when, if and why they need to use the methods.

Fractions including decimals

Children will develop their understanding of fractions through hands-on resources, pictures and number lines. Children will add and subtract two fractions with the same denominator (e.g. $\frac{2}{3} + \frac{2}{3}$). Children will solve problems involving fractions such as 'Find $\frac{3}{4}$ of 20 litres' using their knowledge of multiplication and division and through practical equipment.

Measurement

Children will use their understanding of place value and decimals to record measurements accurately. They will apply their understanding of multiplying and dividing by 10, 100 and 1000 to convert between different units of measure of length (km, m, cm, mm), weight (kg, g) and money (£ and p). Children will link their understanding of multiplication to area and describe how to find the perimeter of a rectangle quickly. Children will read and write the time accurately using analogue and digital clocks, including clocks with Roman numerals. They will convert between units of time (hours, minutes and seconds).

Geometry

Children will extend their knowledge of shape to include more unusual quadrilaterals (four-sided shapes) and triangles. They will use vocabulary such as parallelogram, rhombus and trapezium; scalene and isosceles. They will refine their understanding of symmetry and solve problems where the shape is not displayed in its usual way (e.g. it might be on its side). Children will find and name different angles and use this

information to decide if a shape is regular or irregular. Children will describe position and movement on a grid as co-ordinates and will plot points to draw 2D shapes.

Statistics

Children will complete, read and interpret information on bar charts. They will solve problems that involve finding information in charts, tables and graphs.

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